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The symbols WARNING, CAUTION, NOTE

<b>STOP</b> Warning	This symbol warns of a serious hazard. Failure to observe this warn- ing may result in death or the destruction of property.
Caution	This symbol warns of a possible failure. Failure to observe this cau- tion may result in the total failure of the device or the system or plant to which it is connected.
O ∏ Note	This symbol highlights important information.
	Grounding terminal.

### **1** Operation instruction for Explosion protected device

#### Application and Standards

This instruction manual applies to explosion-protected control panels of type of protection types below. This apparatus is only to be used as defined and meets requirements of EN 60 079 particularly EN60 079-14 "electrical apparatus for potentiality explosive atmospheres".

Use this manual in hazardous locations, which are hazardous due to gases and vapours according to the explosion group and temperature class as stipulated on the type label. When installing and operating the explosion protected distribution and control panels you should observe the respective nationally valid regulations and requirements.

#### **General Instructions**

The device has to have a back-up fuse as stipulated. The mains connection must have a sufficient short circuit current to ensure safe breaking of the fuse. To achieve an impeccable and safety device operation, please take care for adept transportation, storage and mounting, as well as accurate service and maintenance. Operation of this device should only be implemented by authorised persons and in strict accordance with local safety standards.

The electrical data on the type label and if applicable, the "special conditions" of the test certificate TÜV 99 ATEX 1488 and IECEx TUN 14.0011 are to be observed.

For outdoor installation it is recommended to protect the explosion protected distribution and control panel against direct climatic influence, e.g. with a protective roof. The maximum ambient temperature is 40°C, if not stipulated otherwise.

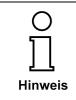
#### Intrinsically Safe Circuits

Erection instructions in the testing certificates of intrinsically safe apparatus are to be observed. The electrical safety values stipulated on the type label must not be exceeded in the intrinsically safe circuit. When interconnecting intrinsically safe circuits it is to be tested, whether a voltage and/or current addition occurs. The intrinsic safety of interconnected circuits is to be ensured. (EN 60079-14, section 12)

### **1.1** Safety Measures: to read and to comply

<b>STOP</b> Warning	Work on electrical installations and apparatus in operation is generally forbidden in hazardous locations, with the exception of intrinsically safe circuits. In special cases work can be done on non-intrinsically safe circuits, on the condition that during the duration of such work no explosive atmosphere exists. Only explosion protected certified measuring instruments may be used to ensure that the apparatus is voltage-free. Grounding and short-circuiting may only be carried out, if there is no explosion hazard at the grounding or short circuit connection.
	Danger of static charge!
STOP	Clean only with humid cloth!
Warning	Do not open when an explosive dust atmosphere is present!
Achtung!	The D122 may connected exclusively to an intrinsically safe 4 20 mA measuring circuit.
	For all types of D122 the maximum values for voltage and short-circuit current written in the EC-Type examination cer- tificate are valid.
Achtung!	

#### Just for D122.x.x.BM



Within hazardous areas an Ex e-box must be used for the connection of the cable. The evidence of intrinsically safety is not necessary.

### 2 Digital Indicator D122.A

### 2.1 Short description

The digital Indicator D122 indicates measured values of intrinsically safe current circuits from 4 up to 20 mA in hazardous areas. The device is powered by measure current, therefore an extra power supply or batteries are unnecessary. The indicator measures the current, scales the measured value and displays finally the result on the LCD.

For trend analysis, the measured signal is also be displayed on a 41 segment bargraph. It's possible to scale the bargraph separately to the digital value. The indicator D122 is available in several housings.

Furthermore with alarm monitoring option the indicator has two intrinsically safe alarm outputs. These outputs change their state, when the measured value exceeds his alarm limits. It's possible to choose open-circuit or closed-circuit connection. These options are not allowed in Zone 21 and 22.

Additional the alarm limits appear graphically on a second bargraph. On one look you're sure that the measured value is in its limits.

### 2.2 Features overview

#### 2.2.1 Basic functions

- Loop-powered digital Indicator
- Connect like passive analogue indicators, voltage drop ca. 1V
- LC-Display up to 50 mm figure-height
- Scale by buttons and display
- Fast bargraph for trend observation (41 segments, refresh 4 times per second)
- Separately scaleable Bargraph (Zoom)
- Several housings available (control panel- and field housing)

#### 2.2.2 Options

- Alarm monitoring: two intrinsically safe alarm outputs and an additional limitbargraph on the display
- Limit-functions with hysteresis and time delay
- Field housing with additional (2<sup>nd</sup>) PG-Connector

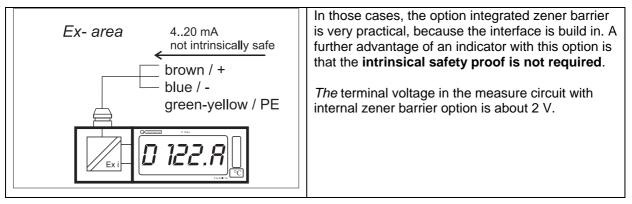
### 2.3 Conformity with Standards

The explosion proof indicators type D122 meets requirements of listed standards in the attachment (Declaration of conformity). They were developed, manufactured and tested in accordance with stateof-the-art engineering practice and ISO9001:2008.

### 2.4 Internal zener barrier option

#### Devices with type code D122.A.x.x.BM

The standard digital indicator D122 works exclusively in intrinsically safe 4..20 mA current circuits (Ex i). If the concerned measure current circuit is **not** intrinsically safe, an extra zener barrier or an isolated interface and a long additional cable to the interface outside the hazard-ous area and back is needed.



### 2.5 Integrated 2-wire transmitter option

### Devices with type code D122.A.x.x.MU

Using the integrated 2-wire transmitter for head mounting option, the D122 has an interface to an arbitrary sensor e.g. a PT 100.

The digital indicator series with field housing can be equipped with a customized intrinsically safe 2wire transmitter for head mounting, according to DIN 43729 type B (max. height = 30 mm). With this option, it is possible to connect a sensor, e.g., a PT 100 directly to the digital indicator D122.

Customer can specify or provide the desired transmitter by order.

This option is only available for indicators with field housing. The depth of the field housing is increased from 64 to 82 mm.

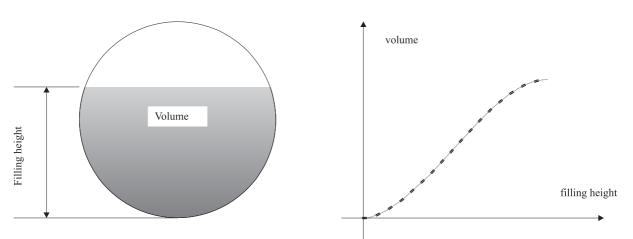
A combination with the internal zener barrier option is not possible.

### 2.6 Special software option

Indicators D122.AS as well as totalizers D122.ZS have a special software option. With this option, it is possible to use these devices in any individual cases of measurement and indication.

### 2.7 Curve fitting

The curve fitting software **indicates the measure current in a non-linear way**. Consider the application of a filling-level meter for a sphere-tank. The measure current is linear to the filling-height of the liquid. Nevertheless, the function between the filling-height and the volume is non-linear, as shown in the figure below.



To get the correct quantity indication you require a **list of points**, which shows the connection between measure current and associated quantity inside of the tank. The curve fitting software of the D122.XS interpolates the curve between these points on your choice in a linear or a square way.

The **linear interpolation** generates imaginary **straight lines** between the selected points. A value on this line will be calculated on base of his distance to the previous selected point. This kind of interpolation requires **17 points** to scale 4 up to 20 mA.

On the other hand, the **square interpolation** needs a list of **33 points**, but it approximates the original curve much better than the linear one, so the **error between the original curve and the interpolated curve is much smaller**.

To put in the list of selected point enter the (extended) scale menu. The device displays the measure current and you have to enter the associated display value. See also related flow diagram.

### 2.8 Square root-fitting

To program a square root-function, e.g., to display the flow through a aperture, a special square rootfitting feature is available. For this option, it is not necessary to enter a list of points, but just a startand a end-value (in previous example: associated flow by 4 and by 20mA measure current). The device calculates automatically the selected points for interpolation. Be prepared, this procedure will take some time. See also related flow diagram.

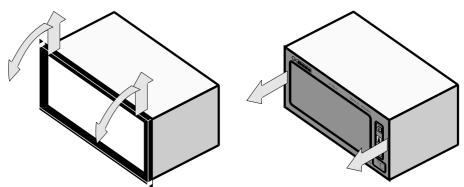
### 3 Installation and Connection

### 3.1 D122 with control panel housing

### 3.1.1 Installation control panel housing

The digital indicators D122.A.0 and D122.A.3 are predicated for installation in a control panel.

How to insert the dimension symbol Insert the dimension symbol (icon) before mounting. Do this by first removing the front frame as shown in the figure at left. Now remove the front panel from the housing as shown in the figure on the right.



Cut the desired dimension-symbol from the set and pull it into its intended place on the right side of the panel. Make sure that the symbol is facing the front. Replace the front panel and frame.

Fixing

Fix the indicator into the control panel with the intend cramps.

### 3.1.2 Connecting D122 with control panel housing



# Connect the indicator only to intrinsically safe 4..20 mA current circuits.

The terminals of the indicators in the control panel housing are shown in figure 1. The terminals 5,6 and 7,8 are absent by indicators without alarm monitoring.



Please regard the terminal maximum values of the attached EC- type certificate TÜV 99 ATEX 1488 or IECEx TUN 14.001.

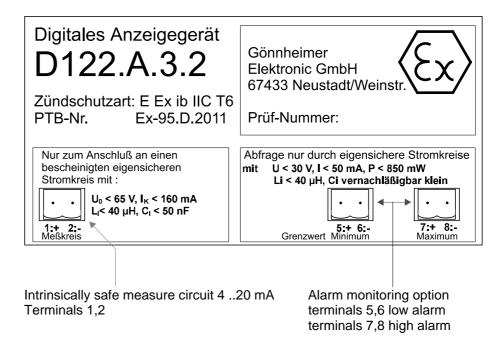


Figure 1: Terminals by indicators with control panel housing

### 3.2 Field housing D122.A.5, D122.A.6 and D122.A.7

When mounting the housing box on a wall, be sure that it is securely supported by anchoring the screws into a stud or other solid surface.

How to insert the Dimensionsymbol
First, cut the desired dimension symbol out of the set. Then pull off the four screws of the cap and remove the cap from the housing. Now push the prepared dimension-symbol into the dimension-symbol-slot. Make sure that the symbol is facing the front. The dimension-symbol-slot lies below the display, on the internal side of the cap. Finally replace the cup on the housing.

### 3.2.1 Connection D122 with field housing

The terminals of the indicators with field housing are inside. The placement of the terminals is shown at the following figures.

Figure 2 shows the terminals of the indicator D122.A.5. Figure 3 shows the terminals of the indicator D122.A.6 and Figure 3 shows the terminals of the indicator D122.A.7.

The terminals 5,6 and 7,8 are absent by indicators without alarm monitoring.



Please regard the terminal maximum values of the attached EC- type certificate TÜV 99 ATEX 1488 and IECEx TUN 14.0011 certificate.



Avoid powerful electromagnetic fields during installation in Ex Zones 21 and 22.

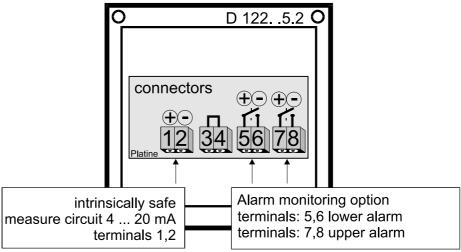


Figure 2: Terminals of the indicator D122.A.5

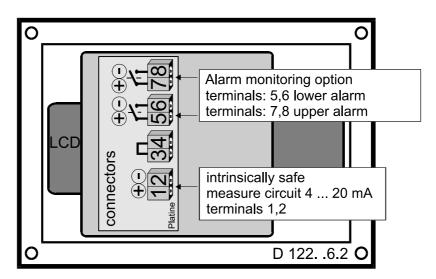


Figure 3: Terminals of the indicator D122.A.6

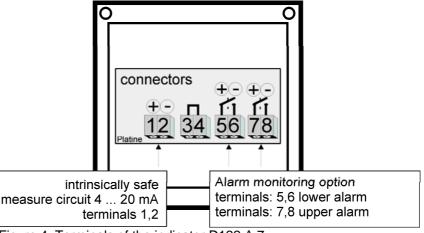


Figure 4: Terminals of the indicator D122.A.7

### 3.3 Connecting D122A with zener barrier option

Connect the D122.A.x.x.BM to a non intrinsically safe measure signal.



Inside of hazardous area the D122A.x.x.BM cable must be connected in a certificated Ex e-connection box.

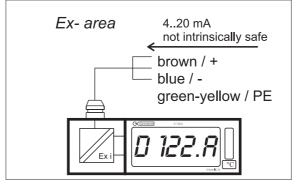
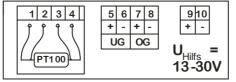


Figure 5: Connection of D122.A.x.x.BM

	Cable	Connection
Cable	Brown	+
colors	Blue	-
	Green yellow	PE

### 3.4 Connection with MU option (integrated measuring transducer):

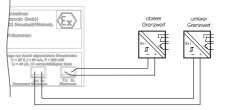


Connection diagram in D122

Clamp	Function
1 – 4	4- cables of PT100
5,6	Option: connection of lower limit value
7,8	Option: connection of upper limit value
9 (+)	Supply voltage Ui = 13-30V intrinsically safe
10 (-)	Supply voltage Ui = 13-30V intrinsically safe

### 3.5 Connecting D122A with limit terminals (terminals 5/6 + 7/8)

#### Devices with type code D122.x.x.2.x



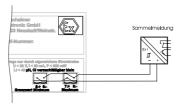


Figure 6: limit monitoring with D122.x.x.2.x

### 3.6 Connection of intrinsically safe ia- current circuits



If there is one intrinsically safe ia- current circuit connected to the D122, all other current circuits have to be intrinsically safe too.

### 3.7 Initial operation



After connecting, a **display test** (all segments of the display are turned on) appears immediate during one second. Thereupon the display shows the **software version** of the indicator.

#### 3.7.1 Default parameters

The following parameters are active ex works:

Scaling (display and bargraph)	4 mA curent -> 4.00	
	20 mA current -> 20.00	
Limits	Low: 4.00 mA / High: 20.00 mA	
Hysteresis / Delay	0.10 / 0 sec.	
alarm outputs (alarm monitoring)	circuit-opening connection	
Code words	CODE1: 0001 / CODE2: 0002	

### 3.7.2 Ex works settings – Device reset

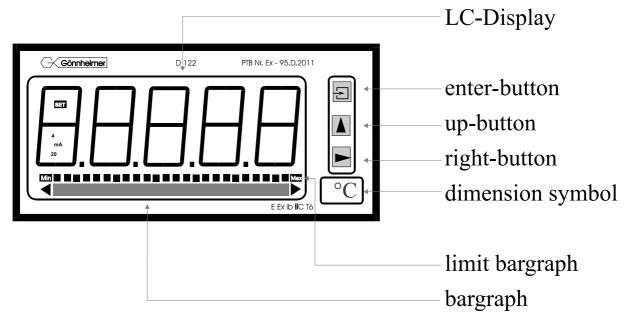


Press the Enter- and Right-button during the start sequence to reactivate the default parameters. (Hardware-Reset)

A reset activates also the ex works calibration.

#### 4 **Operating manual**

#### 4.1 Front view



#### **Keyboard** 4.2

On the front side of the indicator are tree buttons with several function symbols. With these tree buttons, the user can activate each function and enter all parameters for any individual setting. The buttons are named by their functions:

#### Enter-button



Pressing the *enter*-button starts the input menu. In general, the enter-button activates the menu item or accepts the manipulated value of a parameter.

Functions of the up-button are:

1. current control button

2. modification of the selected figure 3. pass menu items

### *Right-*button

Up-button



Functions of the right-button are:

- 1. change the display to limit view
- 2. select figures
- 3. pass menu items

### 4.3 Configuration

It is easy to set the parameters and change the configuration of the indicator. The parameters are logically grouped by a menu structure. See also the appropriate **flow diagram** in the appendix.



Note

Note flow charts



Normal state

Indicators without the alarm monitoring option have not got the corresponding menu items.

The Input views in the flow diagrams have additional boxes in their background, because the Input views may be changed by pressing any of the buttons.

The procedure, to enter a value, is shown in the flow diagram 'Value input menu', see figure .

After connecting, the indicator D122 starts to initialise its configuration. The configuration data is stored in an internal EEPROM due to the previous run. By the first start, the D122 indicator initialises the default configuration.

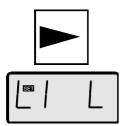
Directly past starting sequence the indicator begins to display the measured current digital and analogous on the bargraph. This state is called the 'normal state' of the D122 and the indicator is also ready for inputs.

#### (See also flow diagram in figure Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden.)

### current control



Iimit view menu





Pressing and holding the *up*-button (**current control button**) the display shows the present current and the [mA] symbol. (See also flow diagram in figure **Fehler! Verweisquel**-

#### le konnte nicht gefunden werden.)

(Only for indicators with the alarm monitoring option)

One touch on the *right*-button starts the limit view menu. (See also flow diagram in figure 9)

The display [limit low] appears on the screen. Press the *enter*button to watch the value of the lower limit.

For passing the low limit press the *right*-button. The menu changes to the high limit. The screen shows now [limit high]. Confirm with the *enter*-button to display the value of the upper limit. Pressing the *right*-button for a second time quits the limit view menu and returns to normal state.



During watching the limit values it is possible to manipulate them by pressing the *enter*-button. The view changes to the

4 Manual

Edit mode.



☑ Code protection



Note

A blinking segment appears below the sign place. Pressing the *right*-button selects the figure and the *up*-button increments the selected figure. To accept the new limit value, press the *enter*-button.

(See also flow diagram in figure )

Before the menu gets to the edit mode the **code 2** must be entered, to **prevent a modification by unauthorised persons**. Entering a wrong code word stops the limit view menu immediately.

The default code 2 is [0002].

The interrogation of **code 2 can be switched off** by modifying the code 2 to **[0000].** For this reason the flow diagram shows the code interrogation in stroked dots.

#### 4.3.1 How to set the parameters

 $\checkmark$ 

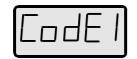


Back in the normal state of the indicator we start the

(See also flow diagram in figure Fehler! Verweisguel-

le konnte nicht gefunden werden.)

Input menu







by pressing the *enter*-button.

The configuration of the indicator is protected against manipulations by unauthorised persons with the code 1. To get the input menu enter the code 1 default [0001].

It's **impossible to switch off the code 1** interrogation.

After entering the right code word the indicator proposes to join the

**Scale menu**. The figure on the left hand appears on the screen. To scale the **measured current**, the **bargraph** and to **set the decimal point** join the scale menu by confirming with the *enter*-button.

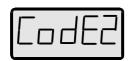
See also flow diagram in figure Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden.).



To pass the scale menu press the *right*-button. The following sub menu is called **limit menu**. This menu is naturally only available for indicators with the alarm monitoring option.

In the limit menu the user enters the limits, as well as the hysteresis and the time delay of the alarm outputs.







Finally it's possible to calibrate the indicator with the following sub menu called calibration menu.

(See also flow diagram in figure Fehler! Verweisquel-

The next two following items allow to manipulate the words for code 1 and code 2. The *enter*-button confirms the input and the

Remember that the code word [0000] switches off the code 2.

le konnte nicht gefunden werden.)

(See flow diagram in figure Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden.)

The indicator is already calibrated ex-works.

corresponding code appears in edit mode.

In general, a further calibration is not necessary and only experienced persons are allowed to calibrate it. False calibration will result senseless Indication.

To start calibration enter the code word 01234.

Now we reach the end of the input menu. Confirm the end with the *enter*-button. The indicator switches back to normal state.

If you want to repeat the input menu, press the *right*-button.



Caution

If an invalid value is entered for any of the parameters, you will not be able to quit the input menu. Instead, the program switches automatically into edit mode to the found valid value.

### 4.3.2 Hysterese and time delay setting

### Hysterese

A hysteretic curve prevents an unwanted fast switching of the alarm outputs.

The switching behavior of the low alarm (min) shows figure **Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden.**. The switching behavior of the high alarm (max) shows figure **Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden.**.

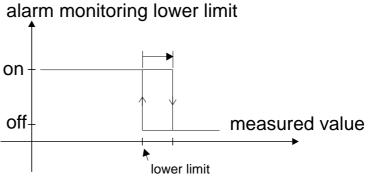


Figure 7: Hysteric curve low alarm

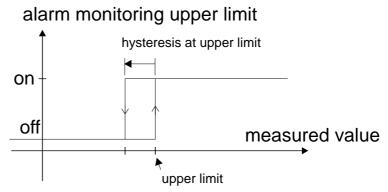


Figure 8: Hysteric curve high alarm

### **Time delay**

The span of time ' $t_e$ ' is the difference between the first exceeding of the measurement above the upper limit and the switching of the high alarm (For the low alarm exists an analogous ' $t_e$ ').

### alarm monitoring upper limit

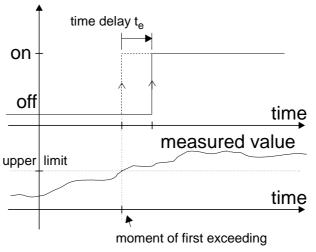


Figure 9: Time delay max respectively min

Note

If the measured current falls below the high limit during 't\_e', the  $t_{e^-}$  timer resets.

### 4.4 Configuration example

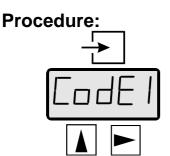
See the following example of a temperature measurement for a successful parameter input.

Situation

- desired range: +10°C ... 20°C
- sensor range: -20.0°C ... +30.0°C

#### Adjustment

1	] Measure range:	-20,00 °C + 30,00°C for 4 20 mA
2	] Bargraph:	-5°C + 25°C
3	] Limits:	lower limit (min): +10°C upper limit (max.): +20°C
4	] Hysterese:	0,5°C low and high limit
5	] Alarm monitoring mode:	circuit-opening connection
6	] Time delay:	15 seconds

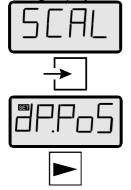


One touch on the enter-button quits the normal state and starts **the input menu**.

The menu interrogates for code 1. The default code 1 is [0001].

Enter the right code word using the arrow buttons. Finally hit the *enter*-button.

Scaling display and bargraph:



Join the scale menu pressing the enter-button.

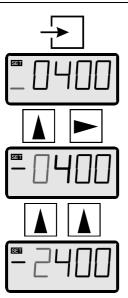
First set the position of the decimal point. The position of the decimal point will be used for each parameter, like display, bargraph and limits.

Set the decimal point position after the second position, because we will enter [2000] for the high scale point afterwards.

Fortunately the default setting is on the desired position, so we can pass the item pressing the *right*-button.



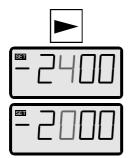
Now the [scale point low] view appears. Confirm by pressing the *enter*-button and enter the **lower scale point** (-20°C) as follows:



Choose the negative sign pressing the up-button.

Touch the *right*-button to select the first figure. Now hit the *up*-button two times ...

... and the figure '2' will be adjusted.



Press the *right*-button to select the next figure.

Hit the up-button until the figure '0' appears.

SCA H

Confirm the lower scale point pressing the *enter*-button. Now the...

... item appears.

Repeat the input procedure for the upper scale point like the lower scale point. Enter [3000] for the upper scale point. (Confirm by hitting *enter*-button)

Enter the upper scale point correct figured 'as big as possible' (the first figures should not be '0') In this case you get most precision of the indicator.

Note

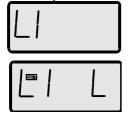


Now scale the bargraph. Hit the enter-button.

Enter [-0500] (-5°C) for the lower bargraph scale point. Confirm by hitting the e*nter*-button Enter [2500] (25°C) for the upper bargraph scale point.

Hitting enter-button accepts and quits the scale menu.

☑ Limits, Hysteretic curve and time delay



Press the enter-button for a second time and enter [1000] (10°C)

for the **lower limit** using the arrow buttons.

Confirm by hitting the e*nter*-button.

Start limit menu by pressing the enter-button.

(Remember, that the decimal point position is already set)

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Press the *enter*-button and enter [2000] (20°C) for the upper limit.

Confirm by hitting the enter-button.

To select the **hysteresis of the lower limit** press the enterbutton.

Now enter **[0050] (0,5°C)** using the arrow-buttons and confirm with the e*nter*-button.

To select the **hysteresis of the upper limit** press the enterbutton.

Now enter [0050] (0,5°C) using the arrow-buttons and confirm with the enter-button.

Now press enter-button to activate the time delay. Enter [0015] (15 seconds) for both limits.

Confirm by hitting the *enter*-button.





Now define the circuit-opening connection first for the low alarm limit.

Choose the circuit-opening connection [nc---] (normal closed) using the *up*-button and confirm by pressing *enter*-button.

Define the circuit-opening connection for the upper alarm monitor by the same procedure.

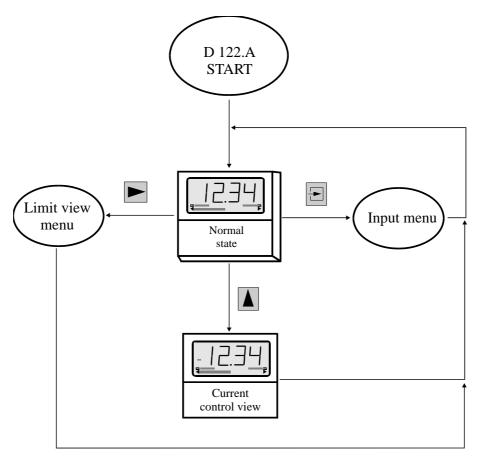
Confirm by hitting the *enter*-button and quit the limit menu.

We pass simply the following menu items (manipulate code words and calibrate) using the *right*-button.



Finally quit the scale menu hitting the *enter*-button. The indicator is back in normal state. The changes are immediately active and will be stored after turn off (disconnecting the indicator).

### 5 Flow charts



#### Figure 10: Flow diagram normal state

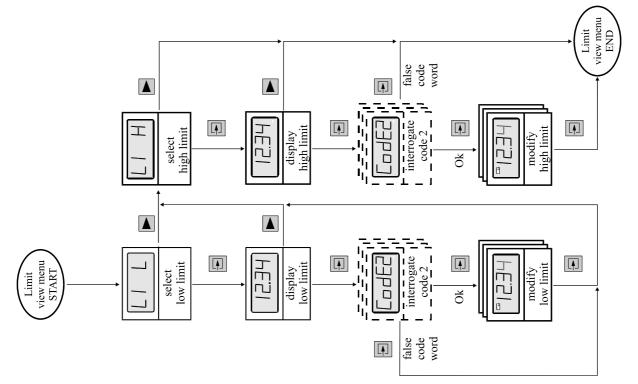


Figure 11: Flow diagram limit view

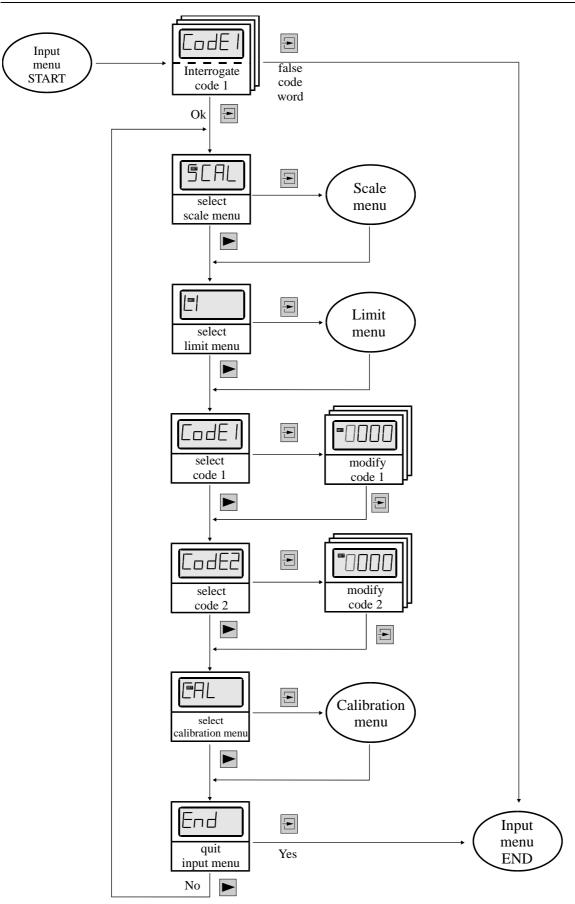


Figure 12: Flow diagram input menu

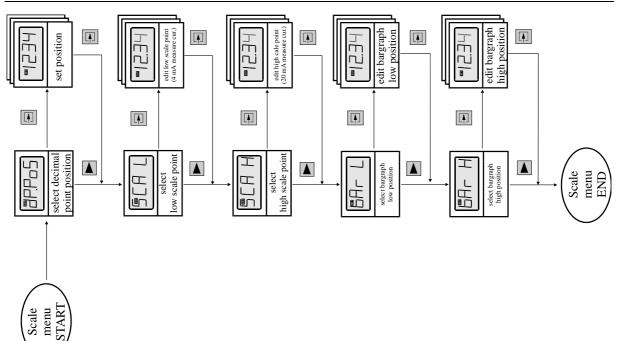


Figure 13: Flow diagram scale menu

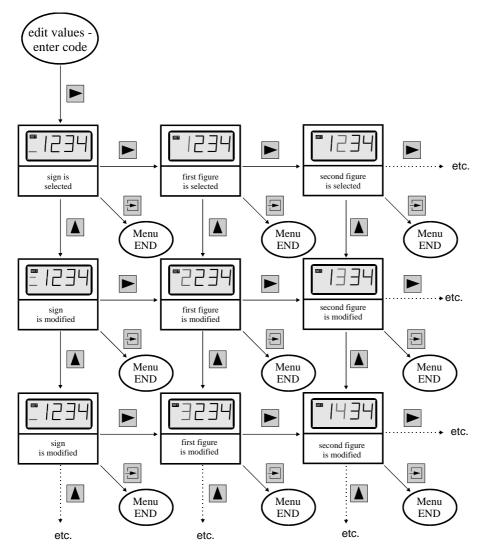


Figure 14: Flow diagram edit mode

Alternative (extended) scale menu for special software option only

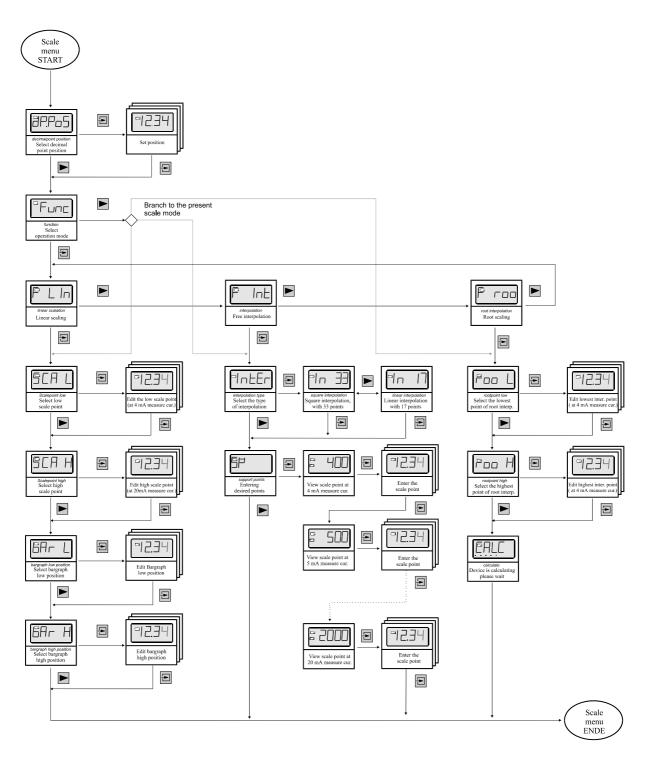
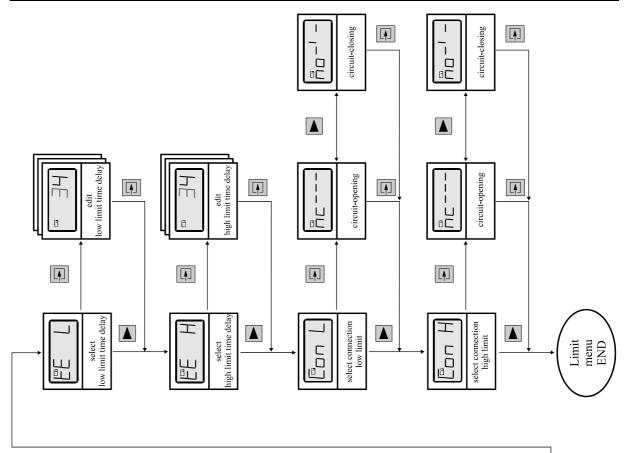
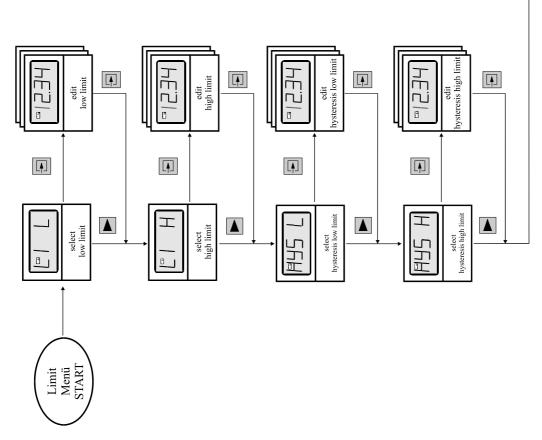


Figure 15: Flow diagram extended scale menu







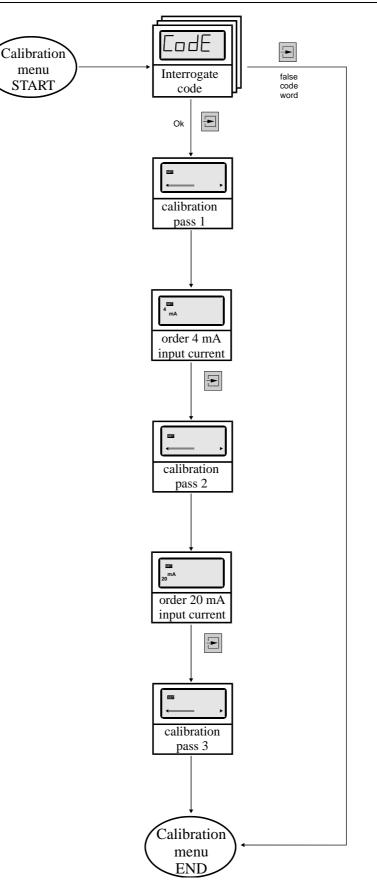


Figure 17: Flow diagram calibration menu

### 6 Annex

## 6.1 Specifications

	D122.A.				
	D122.A.0	D122.A.3	D122.A.5	D122.A.6	D122.A.7
Ex marking	See section 6.			6.4	
Certificates		TÜV 99 ATE	X 1488 / IECE	x TUN 14.0011	
Display	4½-digit	seven-segme	nt LCD	3 1/2	4 1⁄2
Digit height	15mm	30mm	30mm	50mm	30 mm
Display range	-19	9999 +1999	9	-1999 +1999	-19999 +19999
Dimension symbols		Selecta	ble with define	ed symbols	
Decimal points		Se	lectable by key	/board	
Bargraph		41 segments		/	41 segments
Alarm limits display Version D122.A.o .2		Via bargraph 'Max'- or 'Min'	- display	/	- per Bargraph 'Max' or 'Min'
Alarm limit monitoring Version D122.A.o .2	By means of intrinsically safe control circuits (e.g. NAMUR or DIN 19234)				
Current control button	Direct display of current in measurement circuit				
Measurement circuit	Intrinsically	safe measure	ment circuit 4 .	20 mA; Voltage	e drop ca. 1V;
Measurement circuit limits	No-load voltage U $_i$ = 65 V; short-circuit current I $_i$ = 160 mA Internal inductance = 40 $\mu$ H, Internal capacitans = 10 nF see also certificates: TÜV 99 ATEX 1488 / IECEx TUN 14.0011				
Alarm monitoring limits	By intrinsically safe control circuits No-load voltage U $_i$ = 30 V; Short-circuit current I $_i$ = 160 mA; P <sub>max</sub> not greater than 850 mW; Internal inductance = 40 µH, Internal capacitance is negligible see also certificates: TÜV 99 ATEX 1488 / IECEx TUN 14.0011				
Housing	Acc. To contro ard DIN			Field frame	
Protection class	Front panel IP	40 up to IP 65	IP	65	IP 66
Dimensions HxWxD [mm]	48x96x63,5	72x144x85	133,5x138x 138x184x64 140 x 140 x 71 64		140 x 140 x 71
Material	Glass fibre st Noi		ABS Aluminium		
Measuring error	0,1% ± 2 digits referring to measure range				
Temperature coeffi- cient	< 0,01% of measure range / K				
Ambient temperature limit	Inc	-10°C+45°C for temperature class 6 or -10°C+60°C for temperature class 5 Indicators for -20°C ambient temperature on inquiry			

### 6.2 Type code

Device ser	ies D122 · ·			
<b>Device:</b> Indic	atorA			
Indic	ator with curve fitting option			
Total	izer			
Total	izer with curve fitting option			
	smitter			
Housing:	Control panel housing 48 x 96 mm	<b>)</b>		
Ū	Control panel housing 72 x 144 mm			
Field housing (30 mm figure height)				
	Field housing (50 mm figure height)			
	Field housing 140 x 140mm			
Digital output				
	with 2 digital outputs (just II 2 (1) G)	2		
	with reset input and pulse output (just II 2 (1) G			
Additional op	tion:			
Internal zene	r barrier <sup>1</sup> (just II 2 G)		BN	
Internal two	vire readings recorder <sup>2</sup> (just II 2 G)			
1: Not suitable				
I. NUL SUILADIE				

2: For flied housings only, a combination with internal zener barrier (.BM) is not possible

### 6.3 Material specification

Device type	Material	manufacturing process
D122.x.0.x.x	Noryl	injection die casting
D122.x.3.x.x	Noryl	injection die casting
D122.x.5.x.x	ABS	injection die casting
D122.x.6.x.x	ABS	injection die casting
D122.x.7.x.x	Aluminum	die-casting

### 6.4 Marking

	CE 0044 IEC IEC			
Туре	ΑΤΕΧ	Ex- marking	Ambient temperature	
D122.a.7.0.d a = PA, FF d = 0, 3K	II 2 (1) G II 2 (1) D	Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gb Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T5 Gb Ex ib [ia Da] IIIC T135°C Db	bis 45°C bis 60°C bis 60°C	
D122.a.b.0.0 a = A, AS, Z, ZS, T b = 0, 3, 5, 6, 7	II 2 (1) G II 2 (1) D	Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gb Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T5 Gb Ex ib [ia Da] IIIC T135°C Db	bis 45°C bis 60°C bis 60°C	
D122.a.b.c.0 a = A, AS, Z, ZS b = 0, 3, 5, 6, 7 c = 2, 3, 4	ll 2 (1) G	Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gb Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T5 Gb	bis 45°C bis 60°C	
D122.a.b.c.BM a = A, AS, Z, ZS b = 3, 5, 6, 7 c = 0, 2, 3, 4	II 2 G	Ex [ib Gb] ib q IIC T4 Gb	bis 60°C	
D122.a.b.c.MU a = A, AS, Z, ZS b = 5, 6, 7 c = 0, 2, 3, 4	ll 2 (1) G	Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gb Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T5 Gb	bis 45°C bis 60°C	

### 6.5 Failure messages

At startup:

Message	Symptom	Bug-fix
Error 1	Error, general device fault	Turn off an turn on the device, if the fault remains, send the device back to Gönnheimer

### 6.6 Transport, Storing, Repairs und Disposal

Transport	Vibration-free in origin package, do not pitch, handle carefully	
Storing	Store the device dry, inside of the origin package	
Disposal	When the explosion proof multipurpose distribution, switching and control units are eventually disposed of, the national regulations governing the dis- posal of waste materials in the country concerned must be rigorously ob- served.	
Repairs	Defective parts may only be replaced by the Manufacturer or by personnel specially trained and supervised by the Manufacturer. Only genuine spare parts from the Manufacturer may be fitted.	

### 6.7 Dimensions

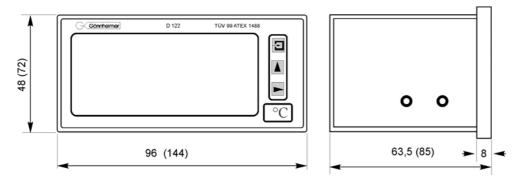
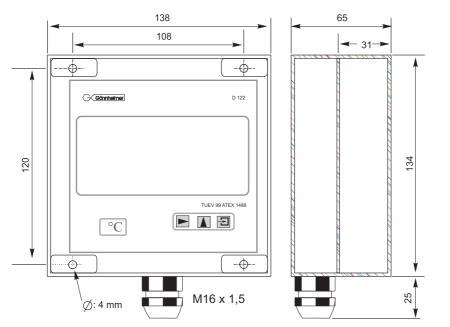
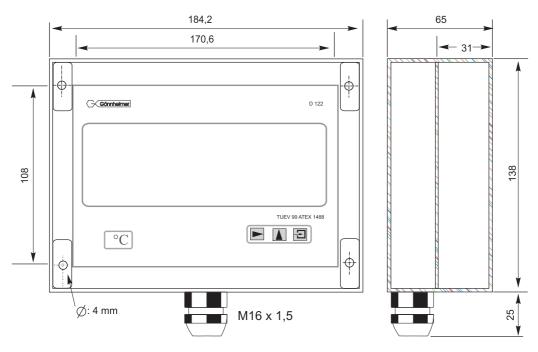


Figure 18: Control panel housing D122.x.0 (D122.x.3)







#### Figure 20: Field housing D122.x.6

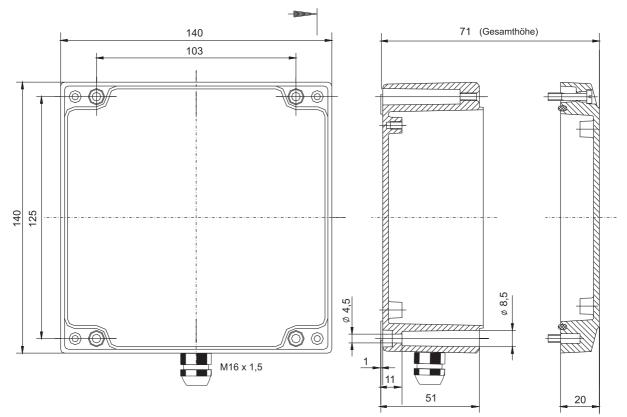


Figure 21: Field housing D122.x.7

### 6.8 List of Parameters

The customer is free to use this chart for archiving the parameters of his indicator D122.

Parameter	Description	Previous Display	Value
Scale menu			
Decimalpoint position		dP.PoS	0000
Low scale point	Display at 4 mA input current	SCAL L	
High scale point	Display at 20 mA input current	SCAL H	
Bargraph low position	Display at starting bargraph	bAr L	
Bargraph high position	Display at full bargraph	bAr H	
Limit menu			
Low limit		LIL	
High limit		LIH	
Hysteresis of low limit		HYS L	
Hysteresis of high limit		HYS H	
Alarm connection of low limit	Choice between normal open (no) and normal closed (nc)	Con L	nc no
Alarm connection of high limit	Choice between normal open (no) and normal closed (nc)	Con H	nc no
Code word Nr. 1		CodE 1	
Code word Nr. 2		CodE 2	
Only on Option Sondersoftware			
Low scale point root func- tion	Display at 4 mA input current	roo L	
High scale point root func- tion	Display at 20 mA input current	roo H	

## Linear resp. square Interpolation

Choice between linear or square	INTER	In 33 In17
	500	
	550	
	600	
	650	
	700	
	750	
	800	
	850	
	900	
	950	
	1000	
	1050	
	1100	
	1150	
	1200	
	1250	
	1300	
	1350	
	1400	
	1450	
	1500	
	1550	
	1600	
	1650	
	1700	
	Interpolation	Interpolation         400           Interpolation         400           Interpolation         450           Interpolation         500           Interpolation         500           Interpolation         500           Interpolation         500           Interpolation         600           Interpolation         600           Interpolation         600           Interpolation         600           Interpolation         600           Interpolation         600           Interpolation         700           Interpolation         700           Interpolation         700           Interpolation         700           Interpolation         800           Interpolation         800           Interpolation         900           Interpolation         900           Interpolation         900           Interpolation         1000           Interpolation         1100           Interpolation         1200           Interpolation         1350           Interpolation         1450           Interpolation         1500           Interpolation <t< td=""></t<>



(1)

# **EC- TYPE- EXAMINATION CERTIFICATE**

(Translation)

- (2) Equipment and protective systems intended for use in potential explosive Atmospheres **Directive 94/9/EC**
- (3) EC- type- examination Certificate number

# TÜV 99 ATEX 1488

- (4) Equipment: Digital Indicator Type D122...
- (5) Manufacturer: Gönnheimer Elektronic GmbH
- (6) Address: D-Neustadt an der Weinstraße
- (7) This equipment and any acceptable variation thereto are specified in the schedule to this certificate and the documents therein referred to.
- (8) The TÜV Hannover/Sachen-Anhalt e.V., TÜV CERT-Zertifizierungsstelle, notified body No. 0032 in accordance with Article 9 of the Council Directive 94/9/EC of March 1994, certifies that equipment has been found to comply with the Essential Health and Safety Requirements relating to the design and construction of equipment and protective systems intended for use potentially explosive atmospheres, given in Annex II to the Directive.

The examination and test results are recorded in the confidential report No. 99/PX24090

(9) Compliance with to essential Health and Safety Requirements has been assured by compliance with:

## EN 50 014:1997 EN 50 020:1994 EN 50 028:1988

- (10) If the sign "X" is places after the certificate number, it indicates that the equipment is subject to special conditions for safe use specified in the schedule to this certificate.
- (11) This EC- type- examination Certificate relates only to the design and construction of the specified equipment in accordance with Directive 94/9/EC. Further requirements of this Directive apply to the manufacture and supply of this equipment.
- (12) The marking of the equipment shall include the following:

## $\stackrel{(EX)}{\longrightarrow}$ II 2 (1) G EEx ia IIC T6 bzw. EEx m [ib] IIC T6

TÜV Hannover/Sachen-Anhalt e.V. TÜV CERT-Zertifizierungstelle Am TÜV 1 D-30519 Hannover



Der Leiter

EC-type-examination Certificates without signature and official stamp shall not be valid. The certificates may be circulated only without alteration. Extracts or alterations are subject to approval by the TÜV Hannover/Sachsen-Anhalt e.V.

Hannover, 02.11.1999



(13)

# SCHEDULE

# <sup>(14)</sup> EC- TYPE-Examination CERTIFICATE No. TÜV 99 ATEX 1488

(15) Description of equipment

The digital indicator type D122 ... serves as direct indicator of measured values of intrinsically safe 4 ..20 mA current circuits in explosive endangered areas.

The maximum ambient temperature is 45°C in temperature class T6 and 60°C in the temperature class T5.

Electrical details

Supply and signal current circuit (Terminal 1,2)	Exclusive connection to a certificated intrinsically safe current circuit with the following highest values: $U_i = 65 \text{ V}$ $I_i = 160 \text{ mA}$
	Effective internal inductivity 40 µH Effective internal capacity 10 nF
Only Type D122.T.x.x.x Supply and signal current circuit (Terminal 1,2)	Exclusive connection to a certificated intrinsically safe current circuit with the following highest values: $U_i = 30 \text{ V}$ $I_i = 160 \text{ mA}$ $P_i = 1,6 \text{ W}$
	Effective internal inductivity 40 µH effective internal capacity 10 nF
Terminals 3,4	Bridget

# Only TYP 122.x.x.x.BM with additional protection type moulding and the sign EEx m [ib] IIC T6 bzw. EEx m [ib] IIC T5

Input current	$U_m = 250 \text{ V}$ and to connect to ground
circuit (wire)	



## Any types

All current circuits are safe gavanically separated up to a nominal voltage of 90 V to each other. The input current circuit by the type D122.x.x.x.BM is internally connected to the supply and signal circuit.

### (16) Report No. 99/PX24090

- (17) Special conditions for safe area None
- (18) Essential health and safety requirementsNo additional



# 1. Amendment to the Conformity Certificate Nr. TÜV 99 ATEX 1488

Manufacturer: Gönnheimer Elektronic GmbH Dr.-Julius Leber-Str.2 D-67433 Neuststadt/Weinstraße

The digital indicator type D122 can also be manufactured according to the examination protocol, listed in the associated examination certificate.

The changes concern the enlargement around the type D122.x.7.x.x. and the application of type in explosion areas by dust up to ambient temperatures of 65°C. The marking for it is:

# II 2 D IP 65 T70°C

Bases of the standards: EN 50281 1 1:1999

The electric data and all other information are valid consistently for this supplement.

The test documentation is listed in test report Nr. 04YEX551218

TÜV NORD CERT GmbH & Co. KG

Hannover, 17.02.2004

TÜV CERT-Zertifizierungsstelle Am TÜV 1 0-30519 Hannover Tel.: 0511 986-1470 Fax: 0511 986-2555

Der Leiter



# 2. Amendment to the Conformity Certificate Nr. TÜV 99 ATEX 1488

Manufacturer: Gönnheimer Elektronic GmbH Dr.-Julius Leber-Str.2 D-67433 Neuststadt/Weinstraße

The digital indicator type D122 can also be manufactured according to the examination protocol, listed in the associated examination certificate. The change concerns the enlargement around the types D122.PA.7.0.0 and D122.FF.7.0.0 for the binding to intrinsically safe field busses Profibus PA respectively FF.H1.

The application of the supplemental types can occur in explosion-threatened areas, Which requires devices of the category 2. By the application in areas of explosion-threatened by dust, the at most allowed ambient temperature is +65°C.

By the application in areas explosion-threatened by gas is the maximum ambient temperature depending on the temperature class according to the following table:

Temperature classe	Та
Т6	Up to 45°C
T5	Up to 60°C

### Electrical data of the types D122.PA.7.0.0 and D122.FF.7.0.0

Signal and power supply circuit (terminal 1,3 and 2,4)

Ex- protection Intrinsically safe EEx ia IIC only to the connection in certified intrinsically safe circuits. Maximum ratings:

 $\begin{array}{l} U_{0} = 30 \ V \\ I_{0} = 660 \ mA \\ P_{0} = 1,6 \ W \\ max \ reactances \\ C_{0} = 0 \ \mu H \\ C_{0} = 0 \ nF \end{array}$ 

The electrical data remains unchanged.

EC-type-examination Certificates without signature and official stamp shall not be valid. The certificates may be circulated only without alteration. Extracts or alterations are subject to approval by the TÜV Hannover/Sachsen-Anhalt e.V.

## 2. Amendment to the Conformity Certificate Nr. TÜV 99 ATEX 1488

The marking of the equipment:

# (E) II 2 (1) G EEx ia IIC T6 or T5; resp. II 2 D IP65 T70°C

The marking of the further types remain unchanged.

The digital indicator type D122... according to the EC-type certificate TÜV 99 ATEX 1488 incl. 1. and this 2nd supplement also fulfils the demands of

EN 50 014 :1997 + A1+A2 EN 50 020:2002 EN 50 281-1-1:1998+A1 General directives Intrinsically safe "i" Electrical devices with protection by case construction and check

All remaining data remain unchanged for this 2. Amendment. The test documentation is listed in test report Nr. 04YEX551692

TÜV NORD CERT GmbH & Co. KG

Hannover, 03.11.2004

TÜV CERT-Zertifizierungsstelle Am TÜV 1 0-30519 Hannover Tel.: 0511 986-1470 Fax: 0511 986-2555

Der Leiter

**TÜV 99 ATEX 1488** 



## 3. Amendment

to certification number:

Device:	Digital indicator type D122
Manufacturer:	Gönnheimer Elektronic GmbH
	DrJulius Leber-Str.2
Address:	D-67433 Neuststadt/Weinstraße
	Germany
Order Number:	8000553381
Date of issue:	10.10.2006

### Changes:

The digital indicator type D122 can also be manufactured according to the examination protocol, listed in the associated examination certificate. The change concerns the enlargement around the types D122.PA.7.0.3K and D122.FF.7.0.3K for the binding to intrinsically safe field busses Profibus PA respectively FF.H1 as a three channel indicator.

The application of the supplemental types can occur in explosion-threatened areas, which requires devices of the category 2. By the application in areas of explosion-threatened by dust, the at most allowed ambient temperature is +65°C.

The information to the allowed ambient temperature is valid consistently accordingly of the second supplement also for the supplemental types.

The electric data of the second supplement are changed as follows or complemented: Electric data of the types D122. PA.7.0.0, D122.FF 7.0.0, D122. PA.7.0.3K and D122.FF.7.0.3K:

Signal and power supply circuit (terminal 1,3 and 2,4)	By the application in by gas explosion- threatened areas in Ex protection Intrinsically safe EEx ia IIC.
	Field device FISCO to the connection with a device according to the FISCO model or
	Only to the connection in certified intrinsically safe circuits. Maximum ratings:
	$\begin{array}{l} U_0 = 30 \ V \\ I_0 = 660 \ mA \\ max \ reactances \\ C_0 = 0 \ nF \end{array} \right. \label{eq:U0}$
	By the application in by dust explosion- threatened areas max. limit input power
The electrical data remains unchanged	$P_0 = 1.6 W$

The electrical data remains unchanged.

EC-type-examination Certificates without signature and official stamp shall not be valid. The certificates may be circulated only without alteration. Extracts or alterations are subject to approval by the TÜV Hannover/Sachsen-Anhalt e.V.



## 3. Amendment to the Conformity Certificate Nr. TÜV 99 ATEX 1488

The marking of the equipment:

# $\overleftarrow{\boxtimes}$ II 2 (1) G EEx ia IIC T6 or T5; resp. II 2 D IP65 T70°C

The marking of the further types remain unchanged.

The digital indicator type D122... according to the EC-type certificate TÜV 99 ATEX 1488 incl. 1. and this 2nd supplement also fulfils the demands of

EN 50 014 :1997 + A1+A2	General directives
EN 50 020:2002	Intrinsically safe "i"
EN 50 281-1-1:1998+A1	Electrical devices with protection by case - construction and check
DIN EN 60079-27:2006	Concept for intrinsically safe field bus systems (FISCO) and concept for non sparking field bus systems (FNICO)

The test documentation is listed in test report Nr. 06 YEX 553381.

- (17) Special conditions for safe area None
- (18) Essential health and safety requirements No additional

TÜV NORD CERT GmbH, Langemarckstraße 20, 45141 Essen, akkreditiert durch die Zentralstelle der Länder für Sicherheitstechnik (ZLS), Ident. Nr. 0044, Rechtsnachfolger der TÜV NORD CERT GmbH & Co. KG Ident. Nr. 0032

Der Leiter der Zertifizierungstelle

Schwedt

Geschäftsstelle Hannover, Am TÜV 1, 30519 Hannover, Tel.: +49 (0) 511 986-1455, Fax: +49 (0) 511 986-1590



## Translation 4. S U P P L E M E N T

to Certificate No. Equipment: Manufacturer: Address:

Order number: Date of issue: TÜV 99 ATEX 1488 Digital Indicator type D122.x.x.x.x Gönnheimer Elektronic GmbH Dr.-Julius-Leber-Str.2 67433 Neustadt/Weinstraße 8000433653 2015-01-13

In the future, the Digital Indicator type D122.x.x.x.x may be manufactured and operated according to the test documents listed in the test report.

The Digital Indicator D122.x.x.x.x indicates measured values of intrinsically safe current circuits from 4...20 mA in hazardous areas

The Digital Indicator D122.A.x.x.BM additionally includes an Ex-i-barrier to connect a non Ex-i 4...20 mA signal.

The Digital Counter D122.Z.x.x.x indicates the integral over time of intrinsically safe current circuits from 4...20 mA in hazardous areas.

The digital setpoint-transmitter D122.T.x.0.0 is used to arrange set-point adjustments, e. g. temperature, pressure or revolution and for transmission of the data via a 4...20 mA signal. The Digital Indicator D122.PA.7.0.x resp. D122.FF.7.0.x operates as an indicator for process data in a Profibus PA or Field Bus Foundation H1 network.

The permissible ambient temperature ranges and the marking of the different types have to be taken from the following table:

Types	Ex - Marki	ng	Ambient temperature
D122.a.7.0.d a = PA, FF d = 0, 3K		Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gb Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T5 Gb Ex ib [ia Da] IIIC T135°C Db	-20 45°C -20 60°C -20 60°C
D122.a.b.0.0 a = A, AS, Z, ZS, T b = 0, 3, 5, 6, 7	II 2 (1) G II 2 (1) G II 2 (1) D	Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gb Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T5 Gb Ex ib [ia Da] IIIC T135°C Db	-20 45°C -20 60°C -20 60°C
D122.a.b.c.0 a = A, AS, Z, ZS b = 0, 3, 5, 6, 7 c = 2, 3, 4	ll 2 (1) G	Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gb Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T5 Gb	-20 45°C -20 60°C
D122.a.b.c.BM a = A, AS, Z, ZS b = 3, 5, 6, 7 c = 0, 2, 3, 4	ll 2 G	Ex [ib Gb] ib q IIC T4 Gb	-20 60°C
D122.a.b.c.MU a = A, AS, Z, ZS b = 5, 6, 7 c = 0, 2, 3, 4	II 2 (1) G II 2 (1) G	Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gb Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T5 Gb	-20 45°C -20 60°C



Electrical data	
Type D122.a.b.0.0 a=A, AS, Z, ZS b = 0, 3, 5, 6, 7	
Supply and signal circuit (Connections 1, 2)	in type of protection intrinsic safety Ex ia IIC Only for connection to a certified intrinsically safe circuit Maximum values: $U_i = 65 V$ $I_i = 160 mA$ $P_i = 10.4 W$ Effective internal capacitance: 10 nF Effective internal inductance: 40 µH
Type D122.a.b.c.0 a=A, AS, Z, ZS b = 0, 3, 5, 6, 7 c = 2, 3, 4	
Supply and signal circuit (Connections 1, 2)	in type of protection intrinsic safety Ex ia IIC Only for connection to a certified intrinsically safe circuit Maximum values: $U_i = 65 V$ $I_i = 160 \text{ mA}$ $P_i = 10.4 \text{ W}$ Effective internal capacitance: 10 nF Effective internal inductance: 40 µH
Switch output circuit (Connections 5, 6) c=2 (Connections 7, 8) c=2,3	in type of protection intrinsic safety Ex ia IIC Only for connection to a certified intrinsically safe circuit Maximum values per circuit: $U_i = 30$ V $I_i = 160$ mA $P_i = 0.85$ W The effective internal capacitance is negligibly small Effective internal inductance: 40 µH
Input circuit (Connections 5, 6) c=3,4 (Connections 7, 8) c=4	in type of protection intrinsic safety Ex ia IIC Only for connection to a certified intrinsically safe circuit Maximum values per circuit: $U_i = 30  V$ $R_i = 9  k\Omega$ The effective internal capacitance is negligibly small Effective internal inductance: 40 µH



## Type D122.T.b.0.0 b = 3, 5, 7

Supply and signal circuit	in type of protection intrinsic safety Ex ia IIC			
(Connections 1, 2)	Only for connection to a certified intrinsically safe circuit			
	Maximum values:			
	$U_{i} = 30 V$			
	$I_{i} = 160 \text{ mA}$			
	$P_{i} = 1.6 \text{ W}$			
	Effective internal capacitance: 10 nF			
	Effective internal inductance: 40 µH			

## Type D122.a.b.0.BM

### a=A, AS, Z, ZS b = 3, 5, 6, 7

Supply and signal circuit	4 20 mA	8		
(Connection wires brown [+], blue [-];	$U_{m} = 250 V$			
green/yellow PE)			 	

Type D122.a.b.c.BM a=A, AS, Z, ZS b = 3, 5, 6, 7 c = 2, 3, 4	
Supply and signal circuit (Connection wires brown [+], blue [-]; green/yellow PE)	4 20 mA U <sub>m</sub> = 250 V
Switch output circuit (Connections 5, 6) c=2 (Connections 7, 8) c=2,3	in type of protection intrinsic safety Ex ia IIC Only for connection to a certified intrinsically safe circuit Maximum values per circuit: $U_i = 30$ V $I_i = 160$ mA $P_i = 0.85$ W The effective internal capacitance is negligibly small Effective internal inductance: 40 µH
Input circuit (Connections 5, 6) c=3,4 (Connections 7, 8) c=4	in type of protection intrinsic safety Ex ia IIC Only for connection to a certified intrinsically safe circuit Maximum values per circuit: $U_i = 30  V$ $R_i = 9  k\Omega$ The effective internal capacitance is negligibly small Effective internal inductance: 40 µH



Type D122.a.b.c.MU a=A, AS, Z, ZS b = 5, 6, 7 c = 2, 3, 4	
Supply and signal circuit	in type of protection intrinsic safety The level of protection (ia, ib) and the gas group (IIC, IIB, IIA) have to be taken from the certificate of the installed measuring transmitter (See also "Conditions of use"). Maximum values: $U_i = 65 V$ $I_i = 160 \text{ mA}$ $P_i = 2.1 W$ The effective internal capacitance and inductance has to be taken from the certificate of the installed measuring transmitter (See label of the transmitter's manufacturer.).
Signal circuit of the installed transmitter (Connections according to the certificate of the transmitter)	in type of protection intrinsic safety The level of protection (ia, ib), the gas group (IIC, IIB, IIA) and the max. values regarding the intrinsic safety have to be taken from the certificate of the installed measuring transmitter (See also "Conditions of use").
Switch output circuit (Connections 5, 6) c=2 (Connections 7, 8) c=2,3	in type of protection intrinsic safety Ex ia IIC Only for connection to a certified intrinsically safe circuit Maximum values per circuit: $U_i = 30  V$ $I_i = 160  mA$ $P_i = 0.85  W$ The effective internal capacitance is negligibly small Effective internal inductance: 40 $\mu$ H
Input circuit (Connections 5, 6) c=3,4 (Connections 7, 8) c=4	in type of protection intrinsic safety Ex ia IIC Only for connection to a certified intrinsically safe circuit Maximum values per circuit: $U_i = 30  V$ $R_i = 9  k\Omega$ The effective internal capacitance is negligibly small Effective internal inductance: 40 µH



Supply and signal circuit (Connections 1, 2)	in type of protection intrinsic safety The level of protection (ia, ib) and the gas group (IIC, IIB, IIA) have to be taken from the certificate of the installed measuring transmitter (See also "Conditions of use"). Maximum values: $U_i = 65  V$ $I_i = 160  \text{mA}$ $P_i = 2.1  W$ The effective internal capacitance and inductance has to be taken from the certificate of the installed measuring transmitter (See label of the transmitter's manufacturer.).
Signal circuit of the installed transmitter (Connections according to the certificate of the transmitter)	in type of protection intrinsic safety The level of protection (ia, ib), the gas group (IIC, IIB, IIA) and the max. values regarding the intrinsic safety have to be taken from the certificate of the installed measuring transmitter (See also "Conditions of use").

# Type D122.a.7.0.0

a=PA, FF	
Supply and signal circuit	in type of protection intrinsic safety Ex ia IIC Only for connection to a certified intrinsically safe circuit
(Connections 1/3, 2/4)	Maximum values:
	$U_i = 30$ V
	$I_i = 660 \text{ mA}$
	$P_{i} = 2.1 W$
	The effective internal capacitance and inductance are negligibly small.
	or
	Maximum values according to a FISCO-Fielddevice: U <sub>i</sub> = 17.5 V I <sub>i</sub> = 380 mA
	$P_1 = 5.32 W$
	The effective internal capacitance and inductance are negligibly small.



#### Marking of the test object:

(Ex)	ll 2 (1) G	Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T6/T5 Gb
	ll 2 (1) D	Ex ib [ia Da] IIIC T135°C Db
	11 2 G	Ex [ib Gb] ib q IIC T4 Gb

The equipment incl. of this supplement meets the requirements of these standards:

EN 60079-0:2012

EN 60079-5:2007

EN 60079-11:2012

(16) The test documents are listed in the test report No. 14 203 140402.

- (17) Special conditions for safe use
- 1. Version of the Digital Indicator D122 with installed barrier module: The wire for earth connection has to be connected with the potential equalization in the explosion hazardous area.
- 2. Version of the Digital Indicator D122 with installed barrier module: The wires for the non intrinsically safe supply and signal circuit have to be to be connected outside of the explosion hazardous area or in a suitable, certified terminal box.
- 3. Version of the Digital Indicator D122 with installed separately certified transmitter: The information regarding the explosion protection of the installed transmitter (Protection level, gas group, temperature class, ambient temperature range and electrical data of the intrinsically safe circuits) can restrict the explosion protection of the Digital Indicator D122. The information has to be taken from the transmitter's certificate and the label of the manufacturer Gönnheimer Electronic GmbH.

See also "Electrical data" for the D122 with installed separately certified transmitter

According to IEC 60079-0, 29.3 e), an advisory marking is available on the label.

(18) Essential Health and Safety Requirements

no additional ones

TÜV NORD CERT GmbH, Langemarckstraße 20, 45141 Essen, notified by the central office of the countries for safety engineering (ZLS), Ident. Nr. 0044, legal successor of the TÜV NORD CERT GmbH & Co. KG Ident. Nr. 0032

The head of the notified body

Schwedt

Hanover office, Am TÜV 1, 30519 Hannover, Tel.: +49 (0) 511 986-1455, Fax: +49 (0) 511 986-1590



# **IECEx Certificate** of Conformity

# INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION IEC Certification Scheme for Explosive Atmospheres for rules and details of the IECEx Scheme visit www.iecex.com

Certificate No.:	IECEx TUN 14.0011		issue No.:0	Certificate history:
Status:	Current			
Date of Issue:	2015-02-04		Page 1 of 3	
Applicant:	Gönnheimer Electr DrJulius-Leber-Straß 61433 Neustadt an de Germany	e 2		
Electrical Apparatus: Optional accessory:	Digital indicator type	D122.x.x.x.x		
Type of Protection:	Intrinsic safety, powe	der filling		
Marking:	Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC Ex ib [ia Da] IIIC Ex [ib Gb] ib q IIC See also annexe	T135°C Db C T4 Gb		
Approved for issue on b Certification Body:	ehalf of the IECEx	Karl-Heinz S	chwedt	
Position: Signature: (for printed version)		Head of IEC	Excertification Body	1
Date:		20/0	- 02 - 04	
2. This certificate is not	chedule may only be repro transferable and remains nticity of this certificate m	the property of t	he issuing body. visiting the Official	IECEx Website.
Certificate issued by:	/ NORD CERT GmbH			



# IECEx Certificate of Conformity

Certificate No .:	IECEx TUN 14.0011		
Date of Issue:	2015-02-04	Issue No.: 0	
		Page 2 of 3	
Manufacturer:	<b>Gönnheimer Electronik GmbH</b> DrJulius-Leber-Straße 2 61433 Neustadt an der Weinstraße <b>Germany</b>		

Additional Manufacturing location

(s):

This certificate is issued as verification that a sample(s), representative of production, was assessed and tested and found to comply with the IEC Standard list below and that the manufacturer's quality system, relating to the Ex products covered by this certificate, was assessed and found to comply with the IECEx Quality system requirements. This certificate is granted subject to the conditions as set out in IECEx Scheme Rules, IECEx 02 and Operational Documents as amended.

#### STANDARDS:

The electrical apparatus and any acceptable variations to it specified in the schedule of this certificate and the identified documents, was found to comply with the following standards:

IEC 60079-0 : 2011 Edition: 6.0	Explosive atmospheres - Part 0: General requirements
IEC 60079-11 : 2011 Edition: 6.0	Explosive atmospheres - Part 11: Equipment protection by intrinsic safety "i"
IEC 60079-5 : 2007-03 Edition: 3	Explosive atmospheres - Part 5: Equipment protection by powder filling "q"

This Certificate **does not** indicate compliance with electrical safety and performance requirements other than those expressly included in the Standards listed above.

#### TEST & ASSESSMENT REPORTS:

A sample(s) of the equipment listed has successfully met the examination and test requirements as recorded in

#### Test Report: DE/TUN/ExTR14.0035/00

#### Quality Assessment Report:

DE/TUN/QAR10.0006/04



# IECEx Certificate of Conformity

Certificate No .:

#### IECEx TUN 14.0011

Date of Issue:

#### 2015-02-04

Issue No.: 0

Page 3 of 3

Schedule

EQUIPMENT:

Equipment and systems covered by this certificate are as follows:

See Annexe

#### CONDITIONS OF CERTIFICATION: NO

See annexe

Annex: \_Annexe\_IEC\_D122\_TUN14.0011.pdf